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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Automata Theory and Computability

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

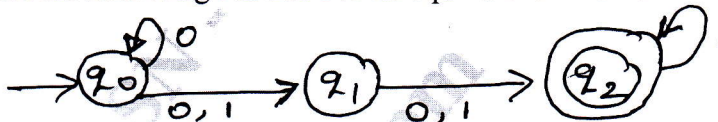
Module-1

- 1 a. Explain with example,
 i) Strings ii) Language iii) Function on string. (06 Marks)
 b. With a neat diagram, explain a hierarchy of language classes in automata theory. (04 Marks)
 c. Construct DFSM for the following languages:
 i) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w \text{ contains no more than one } b\}$
 ii) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w \text{ contains even number of } a\text{'s and odd number of } b\text{'s}\}$
 Give transition table and show that aabaa is accepted. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Define NDFSM. Convert the following NDFSM to its equivalent DFSM. (10 Marks)

Fig.Q.2(a)



- b. Define distinguishable and indistinguishable states. Minimize the number of states in DFSM.

δ	0	1
→ A	B	F
B	G	C
* C	A	C
D	C	G
E	H	F
F	C	G
G	G	E
H	G	C

(10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Define regular expression. Write regular expression for the following:
 i) $L = \{a^{2n}b^{2m} \mid n \geq 0, m \geq 0\}$
 ii) $L = \{a^n b^m \mid m + n \text{ is even}\}$
 iii) $L = \{a^n b^m \mid n \geq 1, m \geq 1, nm \geq 3\}$ (08 Marks)
 b. Design an NDFSM for the regular expression $a^* + b^* + c^*$. (06 Marks)
 c. Obtain a regular expression for finite automata using state elimination. (06 Marks)

Fig.Q.3(c)



Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 4 a. State and prove pumping lemma for regular languages. (08 Marks)
 b. Define regular grammar. Design regular grammar for $\{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w \text{ does not contain } aa\}$. (06 Marks)
 c. Prove that regular language are closed under union, concatenation and star. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Define CFG. Design CFG for the language.
 i) $L = \{0^m 1^m 2^n \mid m \geq 1, n \geq 0\}$
 ii) $L = \{a^n b^{n+2} \mid n \geq 0\}$. (06 Marks)
 b. Define Ambiguous grammar. Consider grammar G with production.
 $S \rightarrow iCtS \mid iCtSeS \mid a, C \rightarrow b$
 Obtain left most derivation, rightmost derivation and parse tree for the string $w = ibtibtaea$. (08 Marks)
 c. Obtain grammar in CNF
 $S \rightarrow 0A \mid IB$
 $A \rightarrow 0AA \mid IS \mid I$
 $B \rightarrow 1BB \mid OS \mid 0$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Define a PDA. Obtain a PDA to accept $L = \{a^n b^n \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$. Draw transition diagram. (10 Marks)
 b. Convert the following grammar to equivalent PDA
 $S \rightarrow aABC$
 $A \rightarrow aB \mid a$
 $B \rightarrow bA \mid b$
 $C \rightarrow a$. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. State and prove pumping lemma for CFL show that $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ is not context free language. (10 Marks)
 b. Define Turing machine. Design TM to accept the language $L = \{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$. Draw the transition diagram and show the moves made by TM for the string 001122. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain with neat diagram the working of a Turing machine model. (10 Marks)
 b. Demonstrate how L_1 and L_2 are CFL then prove that family of CFL is closed under union, concatenation and star. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. With a neat diagram, explain variants of Turing machine. (10 Marks)
 b. Explain with example: i) Decidability ii) Decidable Languages iv) Undecidable language (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Discuss Halting problem and post correspondence problem with respect to TM. (10 Marks)
 b. Define non-deterministic TM and prove that there is a deterministic TM 'M' such that $T(M) = T(M_1)$. (10 Marks)
